# South West London Psoriatic Arthritis Drug Pathway

# Version 6.1

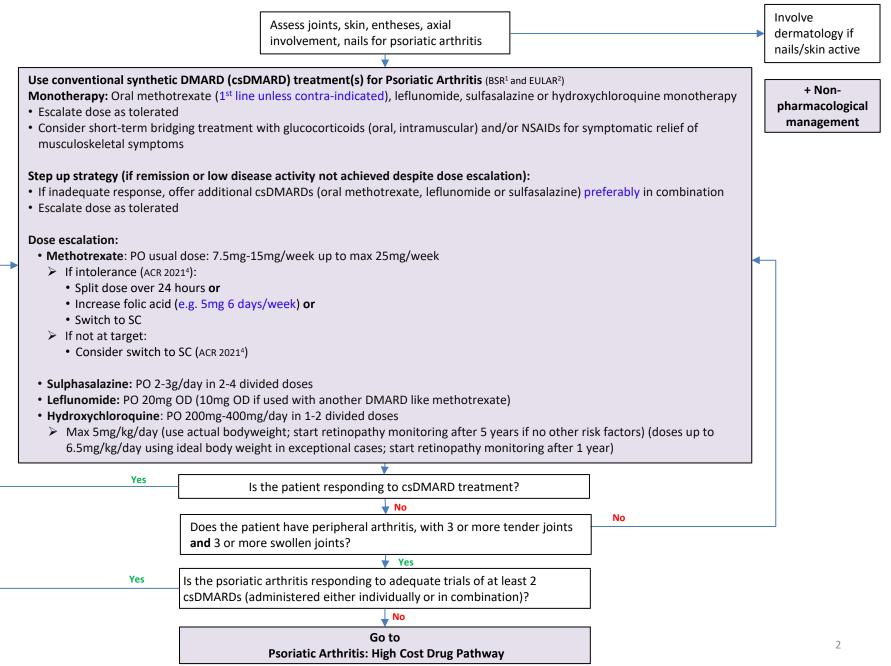
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Approved by: SWL Integrated Medicines Optimisation Committee Date: 29<sup>th</sup> Jan 2025

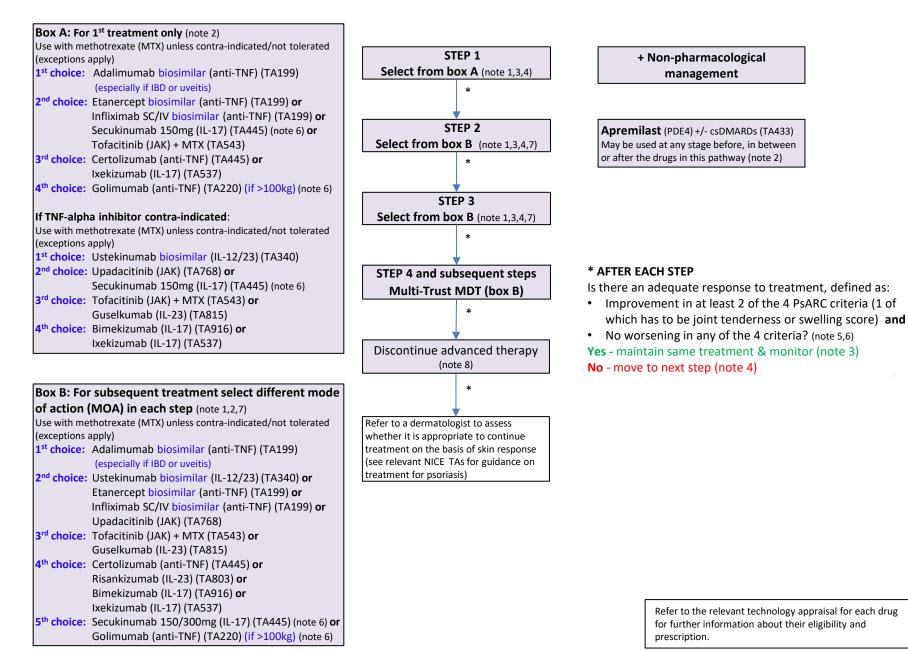
## SWL Drug Pathway - Psoriatic Arthritis: Conventional Synthetic DMARD Pathway

Version 6.1 (based on NICE NG65<sup>1</sup> BSR 2022<sup>2</sup> EULAR 2019<sup>3</sup> guidelines - with local adaptation)



## SWL Drug Pathway - Psoriatic Arthritis: High Cost Drug Pathway

Version 6.1 (based on NICE - with local adaptation)



### SWL Drug Pathway - Psoriatic Arthritis: High Cost Drug Pathway

Version 6.1 (based on NICE - with local adaptation)

**Note 1** - **Moving steps:** Choose **ONE** option per step before moving onto the next step due to primary or secondary treatment failure. If there is more than one NICE approved treatment available, NICE recommends a discussion between responsible clinician and patient about advantages and disadvantages of each treatment (consider therapeutic need and likely adherence). If more than one treatment option is suitable, choose the least expensive (take into account administration costs, dosage and price per dose) unless an order of preference is stated in the TAs. The SWL choices in this algorithm are based on cost (including relevant administration costs, using list price or nationally (NICE) / locally (LPP) agreed contract price).

**Note 2 - Commercial agreement:** Apremilast, bimekizumab, certolizumab pegol, golimumab, guselkumab, secukinumab, tofacitinib, upadacitinib and ustekinumab are recommended as options only if provided according to the commercial agreement (i.e. certolizumab: 1<sup>st</sup> 12 weeks (10 x 200 mg) free of charge; golimumab: 100mg same cost as the 50mg; guselkumab: 4 weekly maintenance dose cost same as 8 weekly maintenance dose; ustekinumab: 90 mg dose for people who weigh >100 kg at the same cost as the 45 mg dose).

Note 3 – Adverse event or new contra-indication: Consider alternative from same step (in step 1, 2 and 3 only) if treatment had to be stopped due to adverse event or new contra-indication AND:

- patient was responding to the drug OR
- response was not yet assessed i.e. within 12 (TNF-alpha inhibitor, tofacitinib, golimumab, upadacitinib), 16 (bimekizumab, ixekizumab, secukinumab, guselkumab, risankizumab) or 24 (ustekinumab) weeks of initiating treatment.

Note 4 - Primary / secondary treatment failure with TNF-alpha inhibitor: an alternative TNF-alpha inhibitor may be chosen from the same step (in step 1, 2, and 3 only), if considered clinically appropriate. This is restricted to ONE switch within the TNF-alpha inhibitor class only (does not apply to other drug classes).

**Note 5 – PsARC assessment:** Healthcare professionals should take into account any physical, sensory or learning disabilities or communication difficulties that could affect responses to components of the PsARC and make any adjustments they consider appropriate.

#### Note 6 – Dose adjustment:

**Golimumab:** consider increasing to 100mg/month if weight >100kg and inadequate clinical response after 3 or 4 x 50mg doses; consider increased risk of serious adverse drug reactions. Continued therapy should be reconsidered if no therapeutic benefit after 3 to 4 additional doses of 100mg. **Secukinumab:** for TNF-alpha inhibitor non-responders use 300mg/month; for other patients use 150mg/month. Based on clinical response, increase to 300mg/month.

**Note 7 - Pregnancy:** If, following careful consideration of expected benefits/risks of options, drug therapy is changed due to (planning) pregnancy, consider switch back to previous most cost-effective therapy post-partum (and move back to the previous step).

**Note 8 – IFR:** Requests for treatment outside this commissioned pathway can be made via the Individual Funding Request (IFR) process (see <u>swlimo.southwestlondon.icb.nhs.uk</u> for IFR policy and application form).

## SWL Drug Pathway - Psoriatic Arthritis: Non-Pharmacological Management

Version 6.1 (based on NG100<sup>5</sup>)

#### Physiotherapy

Patients should have access to specialist physiotherapy with periodic review to:

- Improve general fitness and encourage regular exercise
- Learn exercises for enhancing joint flexibility, muscle strength and managing other functional impairments
- Learn about the short-term pain relieve provided by methods such as transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulators (TENS) and wax baths

#### **Occupational therapy**

Patients should have access to specialist occupational therapy with periodic review if they have:

- Difficulties with any of their everyday activities
- Problems with hand function

#### Hand exercise programmes

Consider tailored strengthening and stretching hand exercise programme for patients with pain and dysfunction in the hands or wrists if:

- Not on a drug regimen
- Been on a stable drug regimen for at least 3 months

#### Podiatry

All patients with foot problems should have access to a podiatrist for:

- Assessment and periodic review of their foot health needs
- Functional and therapeutic footwear should be available if indicated

#### **Psychological interventions**

Offer psychological interventions e.g. relaxation, stress management and cognitive coping skills to help patients living with their condition

# SWL Drug Pathway – Psoriatic Arthritis- Drug Information for Advanced Therapies

Version 6.1 (this list is not exhaustive; see summary of product characteristics (SPC) for full information)

Drug Class	Drug Name	Administration	Contra-indications	Special warnings and precautions	
Tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitors (anti-TNFs)	Adalimumab biosimilar Certolizumab pegol Etanercept Golimumab Infliximab biosimilar	SC – alternate weeks SC – alternate weeks or 4 weekly SC – weekly SC – monthly SC – 2 weekly IV – 8 weekly	<ul> <li>Hypersensitivity to active substance or excipients</li> <li>Active, severe infections (e.g. TB, sepsis, abscesses) and opportunistic infections</li> <li>Moderate to severe heart failure (NYHA class III/IV)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>&gt;65 years of age</li> <li>Autoimmune processes (Lupus)</li> <li>More susceptible to serious infections (e.g. TB)</li> <li>Viral reactivation (e.g. hepatitis B)</li> <li>Malignancy and lymphoproliferative disorder</li> <li>Congestive heart failure</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Neurological events</li> <li>Immunosuppression</li> <li>Haematologic reactions</li> <li>Infusion-related reactions (infliximab)</li> <li>COPD (Certolizumab)</li> <li>Latex sensitivity (adalimumab, certolizumab, golimumab)</li> <li>Diabetes (etanercept)</li> </ul>
Interleukin 17 inhibitor (IL-17)		SC – 4 weekly SC – 4 weekly	<ul> <li>Hypersensitivity to the active substance or excipients</li> <li>Active, severe infections (e.g. TB)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More susceptible to serious infections (e.g. TB)</li> <li>Hypersensitivity</li> <li>Inflammatory bowel disease</li> <li>Latex sensitivity (for ustekinumab and secukinumab 150mg PFS and PFP only)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hepatic transaminase elevations (guselkumab)</li> <li>Skin condition (ustekinumab)</li> <li>Lupus-related conditions (ustekinumab)</li> <li>&gt;65 years (ustekinumab)</li> </ul>
	Secukinumab	SC – week 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4, then monthly			
Interleukin 12/23 inhibitor (IL-12/23)	Ustekinumab	SC – week 0 and 4, then 12 weekly		•Contraception	
Interleukin 23 inhibitor (IL-23)	Guselkumab	SC – week 0 and 4, then 4 or 8 weekly			
		SC – week 0 and 4, then 12 weekly			
JAK inhibitors (JAK)	Tofacitinib	PO – once or twice daily	<ul> <li>Hypersensitivity to the active substance or excipients</li> <li>Age 65 years or older</li> <li>Current or past long-time smoking</li> <li>Known risk factors for cardiovascular disease or malignancy</li> <li>Active, severe infections (e.g. TB, sepsis, abscesses) and opportunistic infections</li> <li>Severe hepatic impairment</li> <li>Pregnancy</li> <li>Lactation (tofacitinib)</li> </ul>	•More susceptible to serious infections (e.g. TB); viral reactivation (e.g.	<ul> <li>Do not use in patients with these risk factors unless there is no suitable alternative:         <ul> <li>age 65 years or older</li> <li>current or past long-time smokers</li> <li>other risk factors for cardiovascular disease or malignancy</li> <li>Use with caution in patients with risk factors for VTE other than those listed above</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Upadacitinib	PO – once daily		hepatitis B) •Malignancy and lymphoproliferative disorder •Interstitial lung disease •GI perforation •Liver enzyme elevation •Derangement of neutrophils, haemoglobin, lipids, glycaemic control •Tofacitinib: Retinal venous thrombosis (RVT); fractures; liver enzyme elevation	
Phosphodies- terase 4 (PDE4)	Apremilast	PO – twice daily	<ul> <li>Hypersensitivity to the active substance or excipients</li> <li>Pregnancy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Diarrhoea, headache, nausea and vomiting</li> <li>Psychiatric disorders</li> </ul>	•Severe renal impairment •Underweight patients •Lactose content 6

## SWL Drug Pathway – Psoriatic Arthritis- References

#### Version 6.1

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- 15. NICE TA803: Risankizumab for treating active psoriatic arthritis after inadequate response to DMARDs. 13 July 2022
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# SWL Drug Pathway – Psoriatic Arthritis- Version Control Version 6.1

Version number	Previous version label	Main amendments	Date of approval	
0		NICE Psoriatic Arthritis commissioning algorithm	28 <sup>th</sup> Aug 2011	
1.0	final v1-21/07/16	<ul> <li>Include approved recommendations from South West London Rheumatology network meeting (9<sup>th</sup> March 2016):</li> <li>Include preferred drug choices and clinical criteria that may influence choice</li> <li>Local agreement: etanercept biosimilar extra 2<sup>nd</sup> line option (if considered appropriate)</li> </ul>	21 <sup>st</sup> Jul 2016	
2.0	final v2-01/04/17	Interim update: • Add apremilast (NICE TA433) as treatment option before biologic drugs	01 <sup>st</sup> Apr 2017	
3.0	final v3-10/05/17	<ul> <li>Include approved recommendations from South West London Rheumatology network meeting (10<sup>th</sup> May 2017):</li> <li>Update notes</li> <li>Update preferred drug choices in step 1</li> <li>New local agreement: infliximab biosimilar step 2 (if considered appropriate)</li> <li>Add certolizumab and secukinumab (150mg/300mg) (NICE TA445) in step 1 (3<sup>rd</sup> choice option - local agreement)</li> <li>Add certolizumab (NICE TA445) to step 3 (1<sup>st</sup> choice option - local agreement) if secondary treatment failure with TNF-alpha inhibitors</li> <li>Add secukinumab (NICE TA445) to step 1 (1<sup>st</sup> choice - local agreement) if TNF-alpha inhibitors are contra-indicated (ustekinumab is 2<sup>nd</sup> choice ) and step 3 (1<sup>st</sup> choice – local agreement) if failure to TNF-alpha inhibitors or TNF-alpha inhibitors are contra-indicated</li> </ul>	01 <sup>st</sup> Aug 2017	
4.0	final v1-04/10/17	<ul> <li>Include approved recommendations from South West London Rheumatology network meeting (4<sup>th</sup> October 2017):</li> <li>Update title and note 1</li> <li>Apremilast (NICE TA433) as treatment option at any point in the pathway</li> </ul>	07 <sup>th</sup> Feb 2018	
4.0	(addendum 1) final v1-04/10/17	<ul> <li>Addendum 1: Add ixekizumab (NICE TA537) to step 1 (3<sup>rd</sup> choice; 1<sup>st</sup> choice if TNF-alpha inhibitors are contra-indicated - local agreements) and step 3 (1<sup>st</sup> choice - local agreement)</li> </ul>	27 <sup>th</sup> Sep 2018	
5.0		<ul> <li>Include recommendation from virtual South West London Rheumatology network (7<sup>th</sup> January 2019):</li> <li>Update preferred drug choices in step 1 and 3</li> <li>Add tofacitinib + methotrexate (TA543) to step 1, 2 and 3 (1<sup>st</sup> choice option - local agreement) and to step 1 if TNF-alpha inhibitors contra-indicated (1<sup>st</sup> choice - local agreement)</li> <li>Add ixekizumab (NICE TA537) to step 1 (2<sup>nd</sup> choice option - local agreement; 2<sup>nd</sup> choice option if TNF-alpha inhibitor contra-indicated - local agreement) and step 3 (2<sup>nd</sup> choice option - local agreement)</li> <li>Add adalimumab to step 2 (local agreement)</li> <li>Change note 1 and step 2 (clarify that step 2 is optional and not mandatory)</li> <li>Add reference to IFR (note 6)</li> <li>Change "biological DMARD" to "biological DMARD/targeted synthetic DMARD"</li> </ul>	11 <sup>th</sup> Mar 2019	
6.0		<ul> <li>Add conventional synthetic DMARD pathway</li> <li>Add guselkumab (TA815), upadacitinib (TA768), risankizumab (TA803), bimekizumab (TA916)</li> <li>Update preferred drug choices</li> <li>Introduce multi-trust MDT step for 4<sup>th</sup> line treatment</li> <li>Add non-pharmacological management</li> <li>Add drug information for advanced therapies and MHRA update for JAK inhibitors (26/4/23)</li> </ul>	18 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023	
6.1		<ul> <li>Update cost order of drugs for Psoriatic Arthritis pathway (page 3, Box A and Box B) to reflect availability of ustekinumab biosimilars and include drug modes of action (pages 3 and 6).</li> <li>References (page 8) updated.</li> </ul>	29 <sup>th</sup> Jan 2025	
Date of next review: Jan 2027 (or earlier if indicated)				